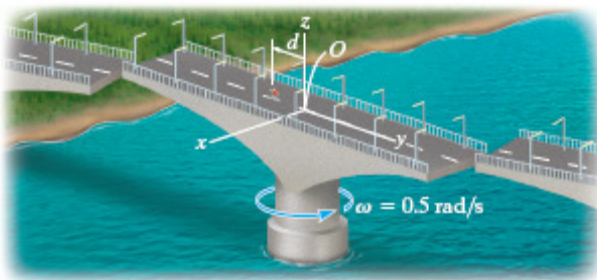


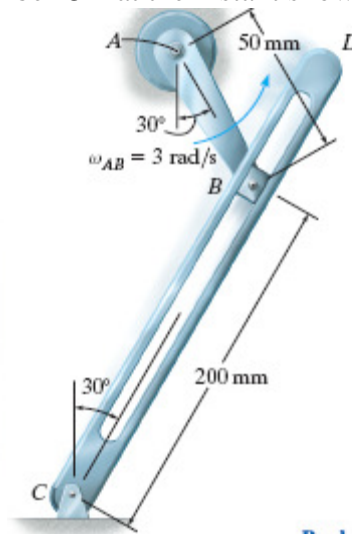
## Exercise 7

### Relative motion with rotating axis

- [Prob. 16-136] While the swing bridge is closing with a constant rotation of  $0.5 \text{ rad/sec}$ , a man runs along the roadway such that when  $d = 4 \text{ m}$  he is running outward from the centre at  $2 \text{ m/s}$  with an acceleration of  $0.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ , both measured relative to the roadway. Determine his velocity and acceleration at this instant.
- [Prob. 16-150] The block  $B$  of the mechanism shown is confined to move within the slot in member  $CD$ . If  $AB$  is rotating at a constant rate of  $\omega_{AB} = 3 \text{ rad/s}$ , determine the angular velocity and angular acceleration of member  $CD$  at the instant shown.



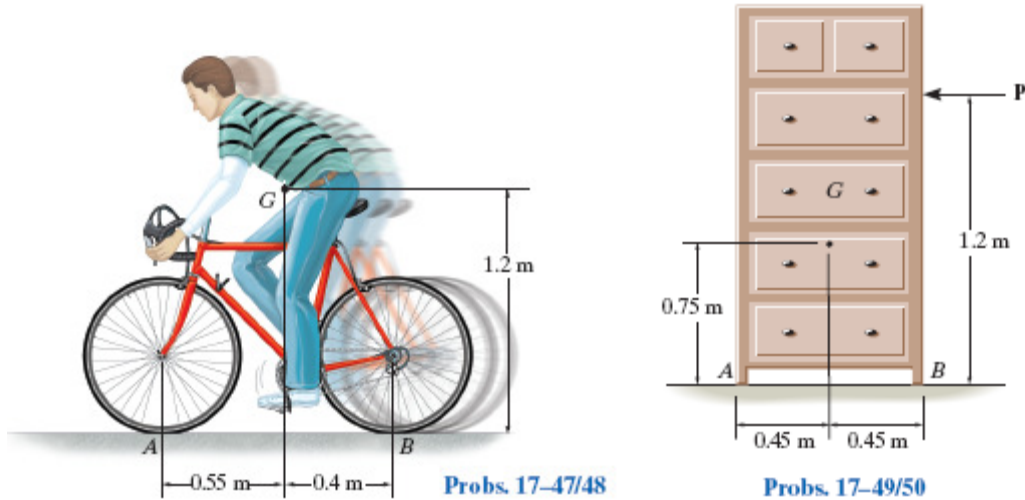
Prob. 16-136



Prob. 16-150

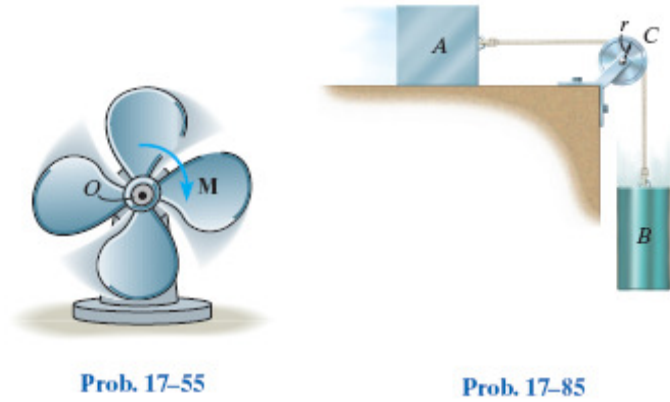
### Planar Kinetics: Translation

- [Prob. 17-47] The bicycle and rider have a combined mass of  $80 \text{ kg}$  with centre of mass located at point  $G$ . Given that the coefficient of kinetic friction of the rear tire with the ground is  $\mu_k = 0.8$ . You may neglect the mass of the wheels.
  - Determine the normal reactions at the tyres  $A$  and  $B$
  - Determine the deceleration of the rider when the rear wheel locks for braking
  - Determine the normal reaction at the rear wheel when the bicycle is travelling at constant velocity and the brakes are not applied
- [Prob. 17-50] A force  $P$  is applied horizontally on the wardrobe of mass  $40 \text{ kg}$ . Given that the coefficients of friction at points  $A$  and  $B$  are  $\mu_s = 0.3$  and  $\mu_k = 0.2$ . Determine the maximum possible horizontal force  $P$  which does not cause the dresser to tip over.



**Planar Kinetics: Rotation**

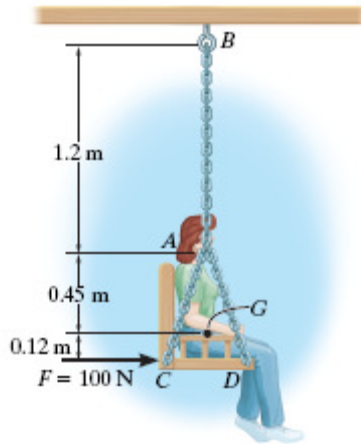
5. [Prob. 17-55] The  $2\text{ kg}$  fan blade has a moment of inertia  $I_o = 0.18\text{ kg m}^2$  about an axis passing through its centre  $O$ . If it is subjected to a moment of  $M = 3(1 - e^{-0.2t})\text{ Nm}$ , where  $t$  is in seconds, determine its angular velocity when  $t = 4\text{ sec}$ , having started from rest.
  
6. [Prob. 17-85] Block A has a mass  $m$  and rests on a rough surface having coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu_k$ . Block B has mass  $2m$ . The pulley may be approximated as a thin disk of radius  $r$  and mass  $0.25m$ . The mass of the cable may be neglected. Determine the acceleration of block A if block B is released.



**Planar Kinetics: General Plane Motion**

7. [Prob. 17-106] The combined mass of the woman and the swing is  $100\text{ kg}$  and the radius of gyration about the centre of mass  $G$  is  $k_G = 0.75\text{ m}$ . A man pushes the swing with a horizontal force  $F = 100\text{ N}$ . Assuming that the chain segment CAD remains rigid during the motion and the swing is originally at rest, determine the following
  - (a) the initial angular acceleration
  - (b) the tension in each of the *two* supporting chains AB

8. [Prob. 17-108] A 1 kg hoop has an initial angular velocity of  $6 \text{ rad/sec}$ . The kinetic coefficient of friction between the hoop and the surface is  $\mu_k = 0.3$ . Determine the distance the hoop has travelled before it stops slipping.



Prob. 17-106



Prob. 17-108